(ii) The manufacturers of pesticides either individually or through the Associations also organise demonstrations and training programmes at various levels to advocate safe and judicious use of pesticides.

(iii) The extension functionaries impart training to farmers and other users on various aspects of pesticides handlisg and usage including precautions required to be observed.

(iv) The Registration Committee set up under the Insecticides Act, 1968 registers pesticides only after evaluating their safety and efficacy.

Shifting of Raja Ram Mohan Roy Mausoleum

@@@4375(B). SHRI M. VINCENT: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the local authorities at Bristol in England had notified that the Mausoleum of Late Shri Raja Ram Mohan Roy may have to be demolished due to its dilapidated condition; and

(b) if so, what action Government propose to take to shift mausoleum to India and rebuild the same suitably here?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Circular railway system for Bangalore City

£4375-C. SHRI H. HANUMANTHAPPA: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have conducted a Survey for a circular Railway System in Bangalore City; and

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) and (b) The Government of Karnataka had got a Techno-economic feasibility study conducted by the Metropolitan Transport Project (Railways), Madras in collaboration with the Directorate of Town Planning for introduction of Rail Rapid Transit System for Bangalore Metropolitan area. This involves better utilisation of three existing railway lines and construction of new lines about 82 Kms. As per the study, the cost of the MRTS for Bangalore at 1982-83 price level, worked out to Rs. 650.70 crores and comprised of:—

(a) Circular railway at a cost of Rs. 191.00 crores.

(b) Two rapid transit corridors, one in the North-South and the second in the East-West Directions, at a cost of Rs. 389.55 crores.

(c) EMU suburban services at a cost of Rs. 70.15 crores.

Dual pricing scheme for Fertilizers

££4375-D. SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAM: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that many States have not implemented the dual pricing scheme for fertilisers;

(b) if so, the names of such States; and

(c) the amount of money disbursed as fertiliser subsidy under the dual pricing scheme in the current financial year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI MULLAPPALLY RAMACHANDRAN): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The States of

@@@Previously Unstarred Question 3602, transferred from the 25th March, 1992.

£Previously Unstarred Question 3682, transferred from the 25th March, 1992.

£ £ Previously Unstarred Question 3764, transferred from the 26th March, 1992

Madhya Pradesh, Goa, Himachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Mizoram and Union Territories of Daman & Diu, Dadar and Nagar Haveli, Chandigarh and Andaman and Nicobar Island have not started implementing the scheme.

(c) An amount of Rs. 254.926 crore has already been released to the States/UTs against the total allocation of Rs. 405 crores.

Allocation of Foodgrains to Gujarat

£ £ £4375-E. SHRI ANANTRAY DEVSHANKER DAVE: Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government of Gujarat have placed and demand of foodgrains for the year 1991-92 before the Government of India;

(b) if so, the monthly demand and allocation of Wheat and Rice; and

(c) whether Government are thinking to allocate Rice and Wheat as per demand?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD (SHRI TARUN GOGOI): (a) and (b) A statement showing the monthly demand and allotment of rice and wheat in respect of Gujarat for public distribution system for the year 1991-92 is attached. (*See* below)

(c) Allocations of Rice and Wheat from the Central Pool are made to the various States/UTs on a month to month basis taking into account the stocks available in the Central Pool, seasonal availability, offtake trend, relative needs of various States/UTs and other related factors and are supplemental to open market availability as the procurement for the Central Pool of rice and wheat for the last few years has been only about 12—18 per cent of the total production of rice and wheat in the country.

£ £ £Previously Unsatrred Question 3804, transferred from the 26th March, 1992.

Statement

The demand and allotment of rice and wheat in respect of Gujarat under Public Distribution system from Central Pool during April, 1991 to March, 1992

(In '000 tonnes)

Month	Demand		Allotment	
	Rice	Wheat	Rice	Wheat
April, 1991	25.0	100 0	24 0	100 0
May, 1991	25.0	100.0	24.0	125.0
June, 1991	25.0	100 0	24.0	65 0
July, 1991	25.0	100 0	28.0	65 0
August, 1991	35.0	100.0	31.0	65.0
September, 1991	35.0	100 0	31.0	65.0
October, 1991	40 0	100 0	31 0	67 0
November, 1991	40.0	100 0	31 0	67.0
December, 1991	50 0	100 0	28.0	60.3
January, 1992	50 0	100 0	28.0	60.3
February, 1992	50 0	100 0	28 0	70.0
March, 1992	50.0	100 0	28.0	70.0
TOTAL	4450 0	1200.0	336.0	879.6